

The Pharisee's Guide to Total Holiness

- Matt. 23:23-24
- Mark 7:8-9, 13


## An Outline

- I. The Sabbath: room for Necessity (2:23-28)
- II. The Sabbath: room for Mercy (3:1-6)
- Theme:
-2:28 - the Son of Man is
Lord even of the
Sabbath."

Mark 2:23-28

- Timing
- Late spring
- Wheat harv
- The Sabbath harvest in May/June

23b - and His disciples began
while picking the heads of grain.

- Matthew adds, "and His disciples ber
- Luke 6:1 - Now it happened that He was passing throug
some grainfields on a Sabbath; and His discsiples were picking
the heads of grain, rubbing them in their hands, and eating the
- The OT law allowed someone passing by a field to take a little to assuage his hunger.
deut. 23:25-" When you enter your neighbors standing grain,

24 - The Pharisees were saying to Him, "Look, why are
they doing what is not lawful on the Sabbath?"

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A Biblical Perspective on
the Sabbath
- 4th Command of the Decalogue (Ex. 20:8ff)
- Reasons for the Sabbath..
    God's example at creation
        Ex. 2:11- 2:11 "For in six days the LORD made the heaven
        利 the earth, the sea and all that is in them, and rested on the 
    God's deliverance from Egypt
        Cf. Deut. 5:15 - 'You shall remember that you were a slave in the
        *)
- Sign of Israel's loyalty to God
    *)
        Youstarlon
    l
    - Ezek. 20:12-"Alsol I gave them My sabbaths to be a sign
    botween Me and them, tha
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A Pharisaical Perspective on the Sabbath

- Mishnah: "The main classes of work: forty save one"
- The idea was.
a) don't work on the Sabbath is any way unless it is
b) don't start anything on Friday that would extend to the Sabbath.
- Reasonable prohibitions
- e.g.: plowing, hunting, butching, harvesting
- Unreasonable prohibitions
- e.g.: tying or loosing knots, sewing more than one stitch, writing more than one letter, setting a dislocate limb, repairing a fallen roof
- To rub out the grain = threshing
- To blow away the chaff = winnowing

A Biblical Perspective on the Sabbath

- The Sabbath rules:

Observed by: animals, servants, guests, \& members of
Observed by: ani
No labor or work.

- No gathering of manna (Ex. 16)
- No kindling of a

- Penalty for profaning the Sabbath: death
- Ex. 31 .14. 'Therefore you are to observe the sabbath, for it is holy to you. Everyone who profanes it shall sururely, be
put to death; for whoever does any work on it, that person put to death; for whoever does any work
shall be cut off from among his poople.
E.g., Num 15:32-36
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- Day of worship with the people of God (Ex. 23:3) \&
welcome rest from normal labors (Deut 5:14-15).
- To be a delight! (Is. 58:13)
I. The Sabbath: Room for Necessity (2:23-28)
- A. The Question That Isn't a Question (23-24)
- B. The Answer That Can't be Answered (25-28)



## J esus' Arguments

- 2. From the Mosaic Law (Matt. 12:5)
- Matt. 12:5 - "Or have you not read in the Law, that on the Sabbath the priests in the temple break the Sabbath and are innocent?
- Argument: it's ok to work on the Sabbath in
the case of God-ordained ministry.
- The temple and its worship were greater than the Sabbath.
- And Jesus and His ministry were greater than both temple and Sabbath.


## Jesus' Arguments

- 3. From the Prophets (Matt. 12:7)
- Matt. 12:7 - "But if you had known what this means, 'I DESIRE COMPASSION, AND NOT A SACRIFICE,' you would not have condemned the innocent.
- Hosea 6:6
- Argument: God's compassion for people is greater than the ceremonial law.


## J esus' Arguments

- 4. From the purpose of the Sabbath (2:27)
- 27 - Jesus said to them, "The Sabbath was made for man, and not man for the Sabbath.
- Argument: God created the Sabbath as a blessing and benefit to man.


## J esus' Arguments

- 5. From His own personal authority (28; Matt. 12:8; Luke 6:5)
- 28 - "So the Son of Man is Lord even of the Sabbath."
- Lit., "So Lord is the Son of Man, even of the Sabbath."
- Argument: I created the Sabbath-I have the right to define it and to determine how it should be kept.


## Application

- Jesus' use of Scripture underscores...
- a) the importance of Scripture in deciding these kinds of issues
- b) the necessity of reason and logic in comparing and applying Scripture



## Application

- Jesus' quotation of Hosea 6:6 underscores the priority of compassion.
- Not an excuse for direct disobedience of the ceremonial.
- E.g., Num. 15:32-36 (man gathering wood).


## Application

- Christians are not bound by the regulations of either the OT Sabbath or "the Christian Sabbath."
- Two basic interpretations:
- Sabbath hasn't changed at all = has to be Saturday
- Sabbath has changed..
- Day only-Christian Sabbath
- Principle remains; specific restrictions no longer apply

The Lord's Day

- Christians are to set aside time on the first day of week to worship.
- The early importance of Sunday:
- 1) The resurrection of Christ (Matt. 28:1)

2) Christ appeared $6 x$ after His resurrection on Sunday.
3) Pentecost and the outpouring of the Spirit were also on
Sunday that year ( 50 days after Passover).

- Pattern of the early church:

Acts $20: 7$ - On the first day of the week, when we were gathered together to break bread
intending to leave the next day, intending to eave the n
message until midnight.

- Cor 16:1-2-Now concerning the collection for the saints, first day of every week each one of you is to put aside and save, as he may prosper, so that no collections be made when

Rev. $1: 10$ - I was in the Spirit on the Lord's day, and I heard
behind me a loud voice like the sound of a trumpet.

## A Christian Sabbath?

- The Sabbath Command is the only one of the 10 Commandments not repeated and affirmed in the NT
- Col. 2:16-17

OT use of those three expressions is without exception..
The annual feasts
The monthly new moon celebrations

- The weekly Sabbaths
- An issue of conscience: Rom. 14.


## Application

- Jesus is equal with God.
- To claim to be Kurios of the Sabbath was an unmistakable claim to deity.
- Ex. 20:1, 18-19
- Cf. Deut. 5:4, 22


## Application

- The Sabbath was a perfect picture of the spiritual rest our souls have found in Christ!
- Heb. 4:1-11

