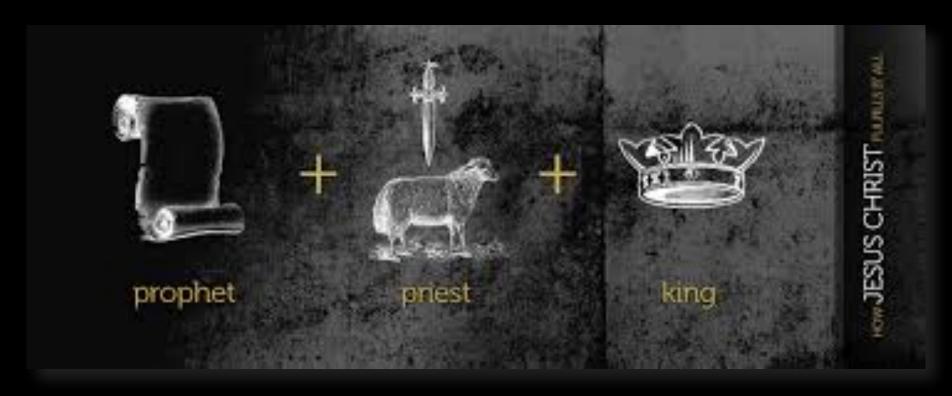
Hebrews 5:5-10

Christ: Our Great High Priest



Lord's Day – December 4, 2016 - Morse

OUTLINE OF HEBREWS

- I. The Focus on DOCTRINE 1:1-10:18
 - A. The Superiority of Jesus Christ's Position 1:1-4:13
 - **B.** The Superiority of Jesus Christ's Priesthood 4:14-7:28
 - C. The Superiority of Jesus Christ's Priestly Ministry 8:1-10:18
- II. The Focus on PRACTICE 10:19-13:25
 - A. The Superiority of the Believer's Privileges 10:19-12:29
 - B. The Superiority of Christian Behavior 13:1-25

THEME OF HEBREWS 5:5-10

The theme expands the office of the Great High Priest and shows His complete and perfect work as He presents Himself before the Holy of Holies as the Majestic High Priest.

"It was the perfect satisfaction which He rendered to God, the propitiatory sacrifice of Himself, which has secured the eternal deliverance of His people from the penal consequences of their sin." (Pink)

Our Lord's priesthood is permanent and perpetual: "He holds His priesthood permanently because He continues forever." (Macarthur)

SECTION VERSE: HEBREWS 5:9

"And having been made perfect and complete, He became to all those who obey Him the source of eternal salvation."

DECEMBER MEMORY VERSE - HEBREWS 5:12



"For though by this time you ought to be teachers, you have need again for someone to teach you the elementary principles of the oracles of God, and you have come to need milk and not solid food.

QUESTIONS FOR TODAY'S TEXT

- 1). Could just anyone be appointed a high priest in the Aaronic Priesthood?
- 2). Could a new born baby boy be responsible for appointing himself as king?
- 3). What are the three titles reserved for Christ and developed in Hebrews?
- 4). How could Christ be a high priest since He did not belong to the tribe of Levi? What qualified Him? (5:5)
- 5). Why does the Holy Spirit include both Psalm 2 and Psalm 110?
- 6). Why is the emphasis made in verse 6 that Christ is "Priest Forever" after the order of Melchizedek?
- 7). What do the "days" of Christ's flesh include? (5:7)
- 8). Christ prayed that He would be delivered from "death." What does this mean? Was this request answered by the Father? When? (5:7)
- 9). How did God's appointed High Priest "learn obedience?" (5:8)
- 10). How did Christ become the Source of eternal salvation? (5:9)

IMPLICATIONS

- 1) Praise our Father for receiving us into His presence through His Son, Christ Jesus.
- 2) Obedience goes hand in hand with belief Hebrews 5:10
- 3) Our Great High Priest has left us an example to follow.

 He has shown us how to "wear our creature nature" in complete and perfect obedience.
- 4) Following Christ in obedience will cost much 2 Timothy 3:12
- 5) God's love for believers does not give an exemption from trials.

 Christ was not spared great trials. Neither will we be spared from difficulties.