

INTRO - CONTENDING FOR THE FAITH

SELECTED SCRIPTURES JULY 7^{TH} , 2020

- 1. What Does It Mean to Contend For The Faith?
- 2. Why Contend For the Faith?
- 3. How to Contend For the Faith?

1. WHAT DOES IT MEAN TO CONTEND FOR THE FAITH?

- > ἐπαγωνίζομαι 'epagonizomai' To Contend
 - ✓ To exert intense effort on behalf of something

- ἀπολογία 'apologia' To Defend
 - √ To make a speech in defense of something

"To put forth evidence and arguments demonstrating that Christianity is true"

2. WHY CONTEND FOR THE FAITH?

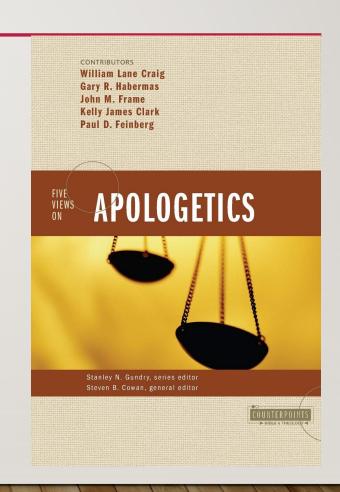
A. The Bible Commands It (1 Pet. 3:15; John 14:15)

- B. The Bible Exemplifies It (Luke. 20:1-8; Acts 9:22, 29; 17:2-4, 17; 18:4,19; 19:8-10; 28:23-24)
 - I. Prove To Put Together
 - II. Argue To Search and Examine Together
 - III. Reason To Dialogue, To Engage in Speaking

A. The Divisions / Kinds

- I. Offensive / Positive (1 Pet. 3:15)
 - a. Natural Theology (Proofs for God's existence)
 - b. Christian Evidence (Why I believe Christianity is true)
- II. Defensive / Negative (2 Cor. 10:5; Tit. 1:10-11)
 - a. Natural Theology (Problem of evil)
 - b. Christian Evidence (Reliability of the Bible)

- A. The Divisions / Kinds
- B. The Approaches / Views
 - I. The Classical Approach
 - II. The Evidential Approach
 - III. The Cumulative Case Approach
 - IV. The Reformed Epistemological Approach
 - V. The Presuppositional Approach



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 - I. The Evidential Approach
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 - a. That God Exists (Gen. 1:1)
 - b. The Spiritual Condition of Man (Eph. 2:5)
 - c. The Love for Immorality (Rom. 3:23; John 3:19)

"I want atheism to be true and am made uneasy by the fact that some of the most intelligent and well-informed people I know are religious believers. It isn't just that I don't believe in God and, naturally, hope I'm right in my belief. It's that I hope there is no God! I don't want there to be a God; I don't want the universe to be like that."

Thomas Nagel, The Last Word (New York: Oxford University Press, 1996), 130.

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- B. The Approaches / Views
 - I. The Evidential Approach
 - II. The Presuppositional Approach
 - a. That God Exists (Gen. 1:1)
 - b. The Spiritual Condition of Man (Eph. 2:5)
 - c. The Love for Immorality (Rom. 3:23; John 3:19)
 - d. The Role of the Word of God in Conversion (James 1:18, 21)

- A. The Divisions / Kinds
- B. The Approaches / Views
 - I. The Evidential Approach
 - II. The Presuppositional Approach
 - III. Why Be Involved in Contending For the Faith
 - a. Go back to the 2 reasons considered earlier i.e. the Bible Commands and Exemplifies it
 - b. To show that the unbeliever has no intellectual ground to stand on (John 3:19-20)
 - c. To strengthen the faith of the believer (Rom. 12:2)

- A. The Divisions / Kinds
- B. The Approaches / Views
- C. The Attitude
 - I. Remember the Grace and Goodness of God to You (Rom. 5:8-11)
 - II. Respond with Gentleness and Respect (1 Pet. 3:15)

- A. The Divisions / Kinds
- B. The Approaches / Views
- C. The Attitude
- D. The Best Kind of Apologetics
 - I. The Impact of a Transformed Life (Zacchaeus in Luke 19, Paul in Acts)
 - II. The Genuine Love Within the Body of Christ (John 13:34-35)

GROUP DISCUSSION

A. What does it mean to contend for the faith?

B. What are the two approaches to contending for the faith?

C. Have you had any experiences that you can share with the group contending for the faith?