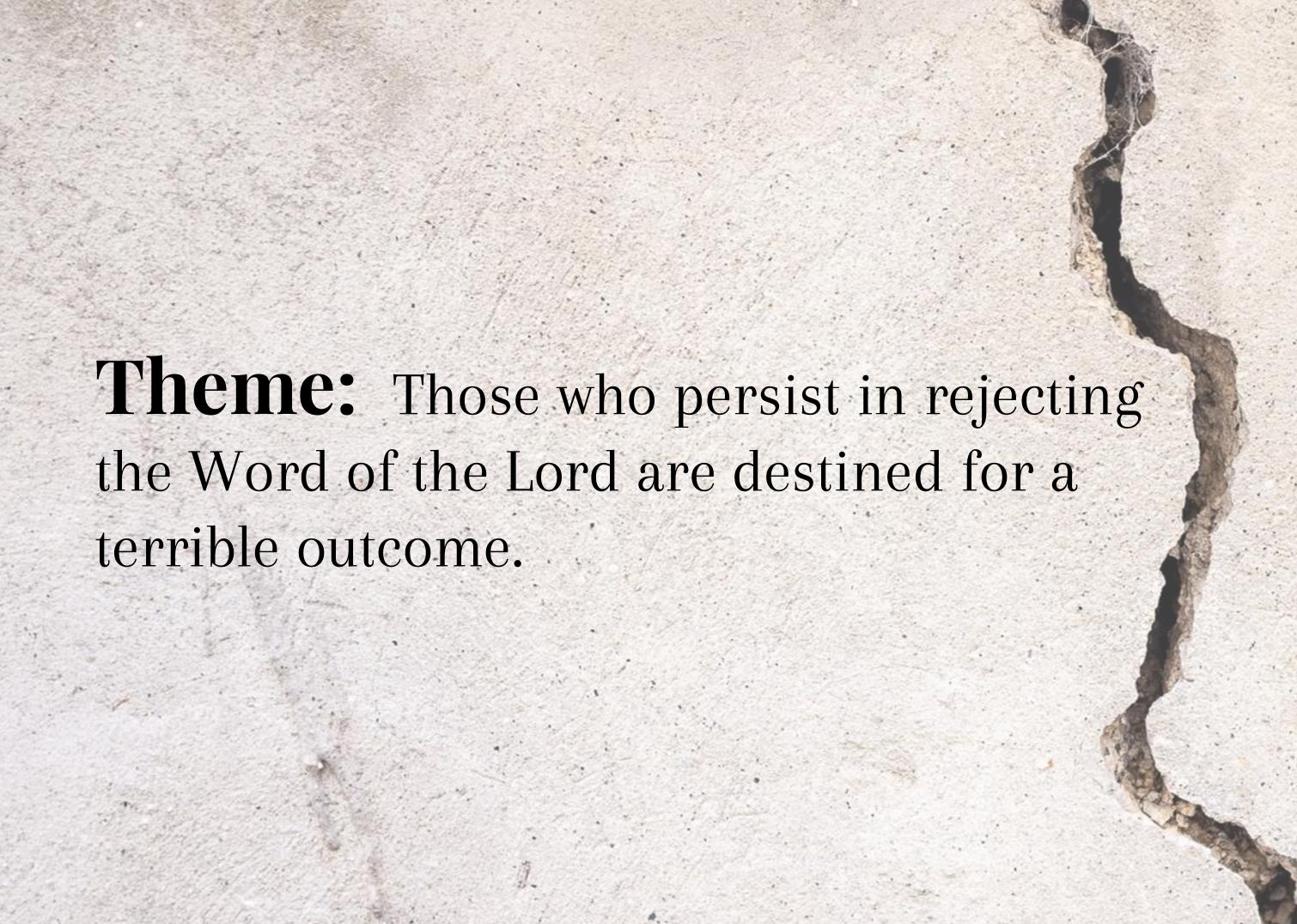
2 Kings 23:30-24:20 2 Chronicles 36:1-21

Kings of Judah: The Final Four

The Divided Kingdom
Sojourners Fellowship

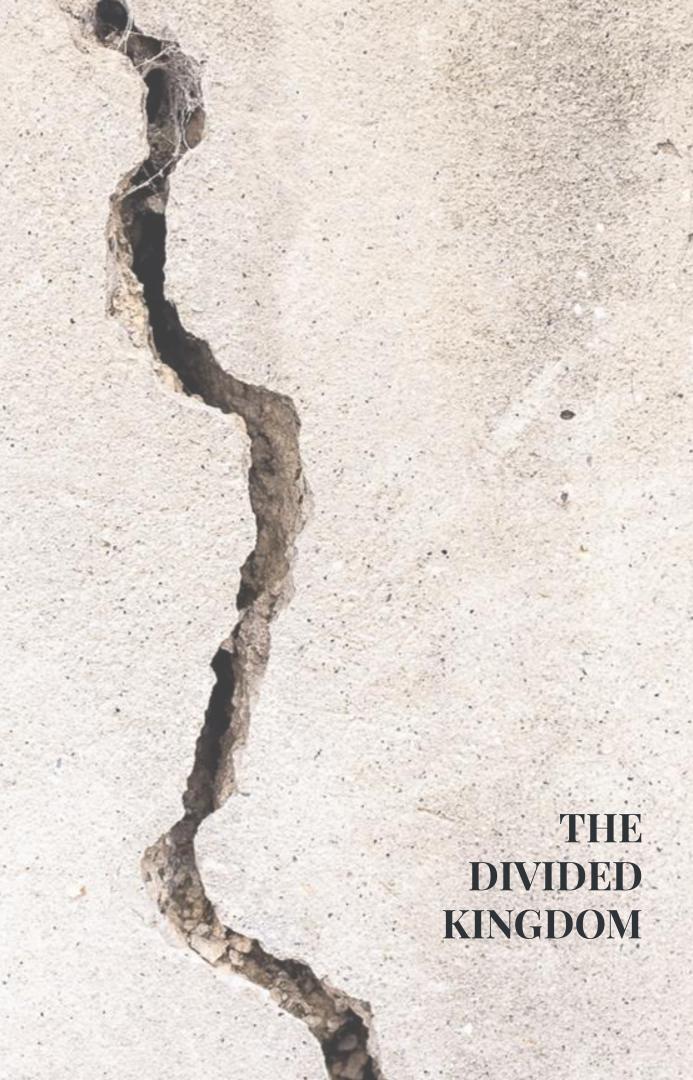


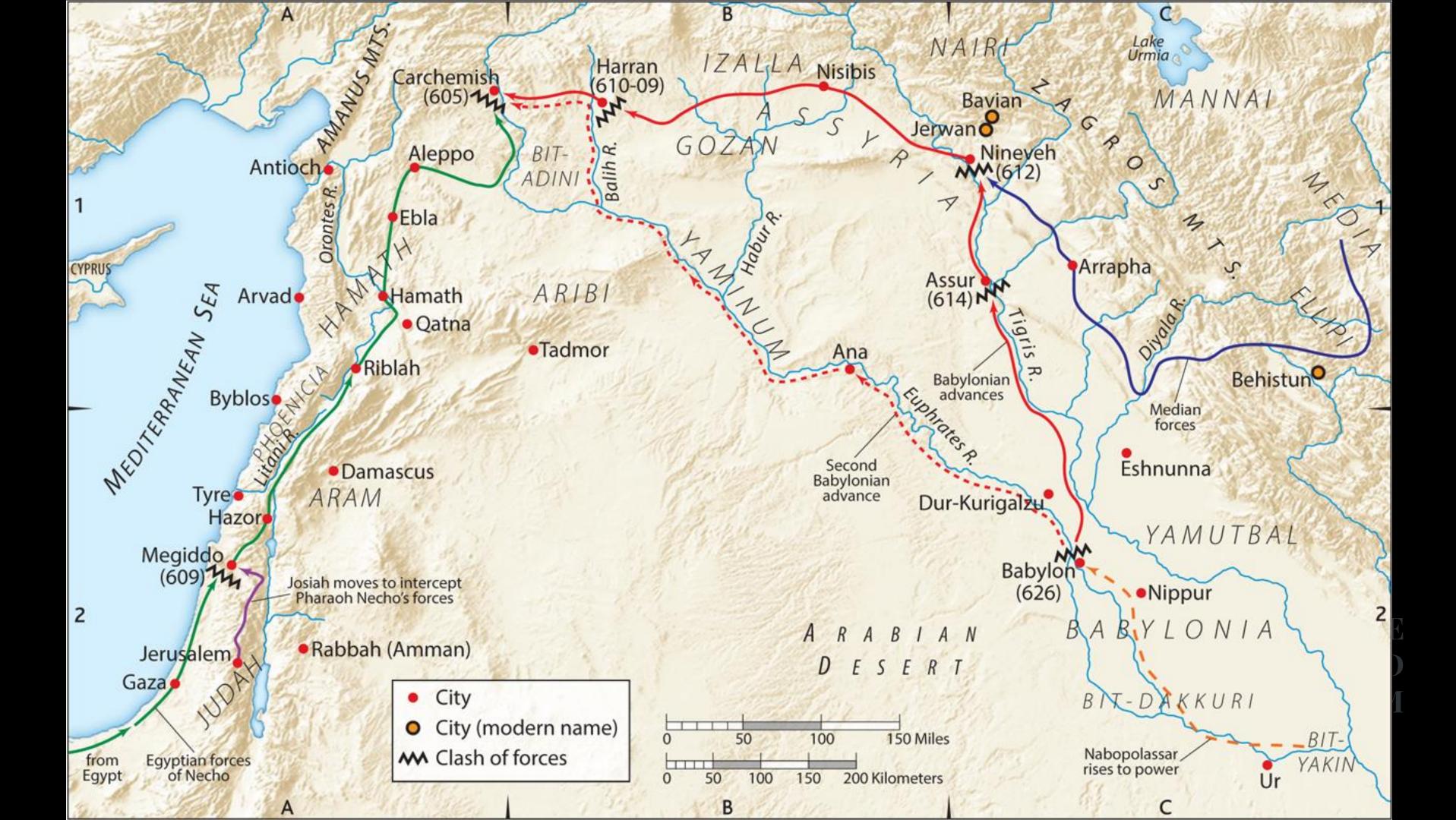
# Judah's Final Four Kings

(2 Kings 23:30-24:20; 2 Chronicles 36:1-21)

#### The Historical Setting

- A span of about 23 years
- Judah in the midst of two great powers
- Egypt and the Babylonian Empire





King Jehoahaz a.k.a Joahaz – 609 BC (2 Kings 23:30 -34; c.f. 2 Chronicles 36:1-4)

Lineage: Son of King Josiah (30)

Became King at Age 23 (31)

Duration of his Reign: 3 Months (31)

Nature of his Reign: Evil (32)

**Key Events:** 

- Pharaoh Neco deposed and imprisoned him (33a)
- Neco demanded a large tribute payment (33b)
- Pharaoh Neco placed Eliakim on Judah's throne (34a)
- Neco changed his name to Jehoiakim (34b)
- Took Jehoahaz to Egypt where he died (34c)



KINGDOM

King Jehoiakim – 609–598 BC (2 Kings 23:35–24:7; c.f. 2 Chronicles 36:5-8)

Lineage: Son of King Josiah (34)

Became King at Age 25 (36a)

Duration of his Reign: 11 Years (36b)

Nature of his Reign: Evil (37)

**Key Events:** 

- He paid the tribute to Egypt (35)
- Nebuchadnezzar made Judah a vassal state to Babylon
- Nebuchadnezzar invaded Judah later in 605 BC and took the first group of Jews into exile (Daniel 1:1-4)

### King Jehoiakim – 609–598 BC (2 Kings 23:35–24:7; c.f. 2 Chronicles 36:5-8)

#### **Key Events:**

- Jehoiakim served Nebuchadnezzar for three years and then rebelled (24:1)
- The Lord responded in judgment (2-4)
- Nebuchadnezzar returned to Jerusalem and bound Jehoiakim in chains for exile (2 Chronicles 36:6)

### King Jehoiakim – 609–598 BC (2 Kings 23:35–24:7; c.f. 2 Chronicles 36:5-8)

A Closer Look at the Character of Jehoiakim

- He oppressed his people while building a palace for himself (Jeremiah 22:13-19)
- He killed the prophets who opposed him (Jeremiah 26:20-23)
- He burned the Word of the Lord (Jeremiah 36:1-3, 20-26)
- His reign was characterized by abominations (2 Chr. 36:8) Jehoiakim died in late 598 BC

King Jehoiachin – 598-597 BC (2 Kings 24:6-17; c.f. 2 Chronicles 36:9-10)

Lineage: Son of King Jehoiakim, Grandson of Josiah (6)

Became King at Age 18 (8a)

Duration of his Reign: 3 Months (8b)

Nature of his Reign: Evil (9)

**Key Events:** 

- Nebuchadnezzar's troops laid siege to Jerusalem (10)
- Nebuchadnezzar himself came to the city (11)
- Jehoiachin surrendered (12)



### King Jehoiachin – 598-597 BC (2 Kings 24:6-17; c.f. 2 Chronicles 36:9-10)

#### **Key Events:**

- Nebuchadnezzar took treasures from the temple and from the king's palace (13)
- All the leading people were led away into exile (14-16)
- Nebuchadnezzar made Mattaniah king of Judah and changed his name to Zedekiah (17)

## King Zedekiah – 597-586 BC (2 Kings 24:17-20; c.f. 2 Chronicles 36:11-21)

Lineage: Uncle of Jehoiachin, youngest son of Josiah (17)

Became King at Age 21 (18a)

Duration of his Reign: 11 years (18b)

Nature of his Reign: Evil (19)

**Key Events:** 

- Rebelled against Babylon (20b)
- Rejected the Word of the Lord spoken thru Jeremiah (12)
- He rebelled against Nebuchadnezzar and ultimately against the Lord (13)

King Zedekiah – 597-586 BC (2 Kings 24:17-20; c.f. 2 Chronicles 36:11-21)

#### **Key Events:**

- His reign was characterized by even greater depths of religious apostasy (14)
- A brief summary of Judah's spiritual state (15-16)
- The unleashing of God's wrath (17-21)



# Implications & Application

- 1. Most people today have no concept of the danger they are in because they don't believe they are under God's wrath and destined for His judgment.
- 2. God is always faithful to His word and that includes the reality that He will judge all who are unrepentant.
- 3. Jesus has issued a universal call to repentance that is fully in effect today.
- 4. The only hope for any of us is to respond to that call by repenting of our sins and putting our faith in Christ Jesus.
- 5. Praise God for the gift of His Son! *"Therefore, there is now no condemnation for those who are in Christ Jesus."* Romans 8:1