- I. Affirm Jesus' Relationship to Scripture (17)
 - A. He Did Not Come to *Abolish* the OT (17a)
 - B. He Came to Fulfill the OT (17b)
 - 1. He perfectly explained its meaning in His teaching (21-48)
 - 2. He perfectly obeyed its commands in His life (Mt. 3:15; Jn. 8:46; 15:10; Gal. 4:4-5)
 - 3. He perfectly embodied its message in His Person
 - a. Its prophecies (11:7-15)
 - b. Its ceremonies & sacrificial system (Lk. 24:27, 44; Jn. 5:39; Col. 2:16-17; Heb. 10:1-12)

- Affirm Jesus' Relationship to Scripture (17)
- II. Adopt Jesus' View of Scripture (18)
 - A. Its Permanent Authority "until heaven and earth pass away"
 - B. Its Verbal Inspiration "not the smallest letter or stroke"
 - C. Its Plenary Inspiration "until all"
 - D. Its Complete Inerrancy "all is accomplished"
 - E. Its Careful Preservation "not the smallest letter or stroke"

- III. Apply Jesus' Diagnosis with Scripture (19-20)
 - A. The Dishonorable Disciple (19a)
 - 1. His Spiritual Status—"in the kingdom"
 - 2. His Treatment of Scripture
 - a. "Whoever annuls one of the least of these commandments"

The NT on the OT Law

- 1. Believers are no longer required to obey the OT <u>ceremonial</u> laws (Mk. 7:19; Col. 2:16-17; Heb. 10:9-10).
- 2. The overarching responsibility for <u>civil</u> law has been transferred to the government of each nation (Rom. 13:1-5).
- 3. The <u>moral</u> aspects of the OT law—summarized in the 10 Commandments—are still required of all people, believers and unbelievers (Mt. 5:21ff; Eph. 6:1-3; Jam. 2:8-13).

- III. Apply Jesus' Diagnosis with Scripture (19-20)
 - A. The Dishonorable Disciple (19a)
 - 1. His Spiritual Status—"in the kingdom"
 - 2. His Treatment of Scripture
 - a. "Whoever annuls one of the least of these commandments"
 - b. "Whoever...teaches others to do the same."
 - 3. His Spiritual Condition—"called least"
 - B. The Honorable Disciple (19b)
 - 1. His Spiritual Status—"in the kingdom"
 - 2. His Treatment of Scripture—"keeps and teaches"
 - 3. His Spiritual Condition—"called great"

Common Ways Christians Downplay God's Word

- 1. Trusting another authority more than Scripture
- 2. Elevating personal experience over Scripture
- 3. Emphasizing personal revelation over Scripture
- 4. Abusing Scripture in corporate worship
- 5. Neglecting Scripture for personal activities
- 6. Reinterpreting Scripture to fit popular cultural ideas
- 7. Undermining its authority in the lives of believers.
- 8. Failing to obey Scripture's commands